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EXPLORING ENDOCRINE ETIOLOGIES OF OSTEOPOROSIS AND STRATEGIES FOR COMPREHENSIVE MANAGEMENT

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Annotation

This thesis explores endocrine causes of osteoporosis, such as hyperparathyroidism, hyperthyroidism, hypogonadism, and glucocorticoid excess. Advanced diagnostics help accurately identify these disorders. Treatment includes hormone-specific therapies, antiresorptive agents, and anabolic options. Addressing hormonal imbalances alongside bone-targeted interventions improves bone density and reduces fracture risk. Effective management requires a multidisciplinary, personalized approach for optimal outcomes.

Keywords: endocrine, osteoporosis, bone metabolism, hormonal regulation, fracture prevention, comprehensive management, diagnostic strategies

Today, osteoporosis affects approximately 200 million individuals worldwide, with endocrine disorders contributing to secondary osteoporosis in nearly 30 percent of affected patients. The intricate relationship between hormonal regulation and bone metabolism has gained increasing recognition as advances in molecular biology reveal complex signaling pathways governing bone remodeling processes. Endocrine-mediated bone loss occurs through disruption of the delicate balance between osteoblastic bone formation and osteoclastic bone resorption, resulting in accelerated skeletal deterioration and increased fracture susceptibility.

Primary hyperparathyroidism represents the most common endocrine cause of osteoporosis, affecting bone through excessive parathyroid hormone secretion that stimulates osteoclastic activity while promoting renal calcium reabsorption. Recent studies demonstrate that parathyroidectomy effectively reverses bone loss, with bone mineral density improvements of 8-15 percent observed within two years post-surgery. Hyperthyroidism accelerates bone turnover through direct thyroid hormone



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effects on osteoblasts and osteoclasts, with elevated triiodothyronine levels correlating with increased bone resorption markers. Restoration of euthyroid status typically normalizes bone turnover within six months of treatment initiation. Hypogonadal osteoporosis results from estrogen or testosterone deficiency, disrupting the protective effects of sex hormones on bone metabolism. Postmenopausal women experience rapid bone loss due to estrogen withdrawal, while men with hypogonadism demonstrate similar patterns of accelerated bone resorption. Glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis occurs through multiple mechanisms including decreased osteoblast function, increased osteocyte apoptosis, and impaired intestinal calcium absorption. Contemporary diagnostic strategies incorporate dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry, trabecular bone score assessment, and biochemical markers including procollagen type 1 N-terminal propeptide and carboxy-terminal cross-linking telopeptide of type 1 collagen. These advanced methodologies enable precise characterization of bone quality and turnover status, facilitating targeted therapeutic interventions. Management approaches utilize hormone replacement therapy where appropriate, bisphosphonates for antiresorptive effects, and anabolic agents including teriparatide and romosozumab for severe cases. Denosumab provides alternative antiresorptive therapy through receptor activator of nuclear factor kappa-B ligand inhibition. Combination therapies demonstrate superior efficacy compared to monotherapy in high-risk patients with multiple endocrine abnormalities.

In conclusion, endocrine etiologies of osteoporosis require comprehensive evaluation and targeted management strategies addressing both underlying hormonal disorders and bone-specific pathology. The integration of advanced diagnostic modalities with personalized therapeutic approaches significantly improves clinical outcomes. Future research directions emphasize precision medicine approaches incorporating genetic markers and novel therapeutic targets to optimize bone health in endocrine-related osteoporosis.



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