



THE ROLE OF THE GREEN ECONOMY IN OUR COUNTRY

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Annotatsiya:

Yashil iqtisodiyot – bu iqtisodiy faoliyatning atrof-muhitga zarar yetkazmasdan, tabiiy resurslardan oqilona foydalanishga asoslangan yangi iqtisodiy modeldir. U ekologik barqarorlikni ta'minlash, iqlim o'zgarishlariga qarshi kurashish, tabiiy boyliklarni asrash hamda iqtisodiy o'sishni muvozanatlashga qaratilgan. Bugungi kunda dunyo miqyosida yashil iqtisodiyot g'oyasi tobora muhim ahamiyat kasb etmoqda. Bu jarayonda har bir davlat o'zining tabiiy sharoiti, iqtisodiy imkoniyatlari va ijtimoiy ehtiyojlarini inobatga olgan holda yashil iqtisodiyotni rivojlantirish strategiyasini ishlab chiqmoqda. Yurtimizda ham yashil iqtisodiyot konsepsiyasi davlat siyosatining ustuvor yo'nalishlaridan biriga aylangan bo'lib, uning rivojlanishi uchun keng ko'lamli chora-tadbirlar amalga oshirilmoqda.

Kalit so'zlar: yashil iqtisodiyot, iqtisodiyot, ekologik barqarorlik, davlat siyosati, ish o'rinlari, investitsiya, iqtisodiy g'oyalar.

Аннотация:

Зелёная экономика — это новая экономическая модель, основанная на рациональном использовании природных ресурсов без нанесения вреда окружающей среде. Она направлена на обеспечение экологической устойчивости, борьбу с изменением климата, сохранение природных ресурсов и сбалансированный экономический рост. Сегодня идея зелёной экономики приобретает всё большее значение во всём мире. В этом процессе каждая страна разрабатывает стратегию развития зелёной экономики с учётом своих природных условий, экономических возможностей и общественных потребностей. В нашей стране концепция зелёной экономики также стала одним из приоритетных направлений государственной политики, и для её развития реализуются масштабные мероприятия.



Ключевые слова: зелёная экономика, экономика, экологическая устойчивость, государственная политика, рабочие места, инвестиции, экономические идеи.

Abstract:

Green economy is a new economic model based on the rational use of natural resources without harming the environment. It is aimed at ensuring environmental sustainability, combating climate change, preserving natural resources and balancing economic growth. Today, the idea of a green economy is gaining increasing importance worldwide. In this process, each country is developing a strategy for developing a green economy, taking into account its natural conditions, economic capabilities and social needs. In our country, the concept of a green economy has also become one of the priority areas of state policy, and large-scale measures are being implemented for its development.

Keywords: green economy, economy, environmental sustainability, state policy, jobs, investment, economic ideas.

INTRODUCTION

The role of the green economy in our country is important in ensuring economic stability, protecting the environment and creating new jobs. Uzbekistan is rich in natural resources, but has significant opportunities in the field of rational management, wide introduction of renewable energy sources and reduction of emissions. The effective use of these opportunities serves to take the economy to a new level, ensure environmental safety and improve the well-being of the population.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

One of the main areas of the green economy is energy efficiency and the development of renewable energy sources. Natural resources such as solar, wind and biogas energy are much richer in our country. With their extensive introduction, it is possible not only to ensure energy security, but also to reduce environmental



pollution. For this purpose, investments are attracted by the state, special attention is paid to the application of new technologies and innovations. Projects carried out in this area serve to ensure a stable growth of the country's economy, the emergence of new jobs and the increase in the income of local residents. In agriculture, too, the introduction of the principles of the green economy is of great importance. It is possible to increase the efficiency of production by rational use of Water Resources, care of crops by biological methods, extensive use of agroecological technologies. This not only increases productivity, but also serves to protect soil and Water Resources. And the development of the Green Agricultural Products Market helps to form a healthy eating culture. The industrial sector is also undergoing a transition to a green economy through the introduction of environmentally friendly technologies, the reduction of waste and the improvement of their recycling system. New methods of production, along with reducing energy and raw material consumption, ensure that there is no harm to the environment. This serves to increase the competitiveness of the industry, expand the export potential and strengthen the stability of the national economy.[1]

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

In the Transport sector, too, it is important to introduce the principles of the green economy. Air pollution can be reduced by developing electric vehicles, improving public transportation, and optimizing road traffic. This serves to improve the health of the population and improve the environmental situation in cities and villages. At the same time, modernization of transport infrastructure and compliance with environmental standards will help to increase economic efficiency. The social aspects of the green economy are also of great importance. This economic model serves to create new jobs, increase population employment, and promote social stability. It is especially important to create green jobs for young people and women, to train them and introduce them to new technologies. This helps to increase environmental awareness in society, to improve the attitude towards environmental protection.[2]

Research work is also actively carried out in the field of green economy in our country. Through universities, research centers and innovation clusters, new



technologies are being developed, projects are being implemented to put them into practice. This is an important factor in ensuring the sustainable development of the economy. Also, within the framework of international cooperation, conditions are being created for the further development of the industry by exchanging experience and attracting investments. Large-scale work is underway to improve the legislative framework for the development of the green economy in our country, introduce financial and tax benefits, as well as increase the environmental literacy of the population. Through state programs and strategic documents, the priorities of the green economy are established, the implementation of which is under constant control. This serves to ensure sustainable development of the industry. The green economy is an important tool in ensuring not only economic, but also environmental and social stability in our country. It plays a key role in protecting the environment, saving and regenerating natural resources, and combating climate change. At the same time, the green economy makes it possible to increase the competitiveness of the economy of our country, introduce new technologies and improve the well-being of the population.[3]

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the role of the green economy in our country is very important and large-scale. It is a key factor in creating a new model of economic growth, protecting the environment and promoting social stability. Through the widespread introduction of the principles of the green economy, our country is taking important steps towards sustainable development. To continue and further develop this process, it is necessary to strengthen cooperation and innovation in all areas. Thus, the green economy serves as an important tool in creating a stable, healthy and prosperous life environment for future generations of our country.

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