



---

## **PREVENTION OF ILLEGAL PREPARATION AND STORAGE OF DRUGS**

Sayidov Ilhom Gulomovich

Deputy Commander of the Detachment for Educational Affairs of the Academy of  
the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Lieutenant



### **Abstract**

Today, in the world, a system of qualitative provision of public order and security has been created only in economically powerful countries. This is because effective work is being carried out to qualitatively ensure public order and security. In this regard, the main force that destroys the future of young people who are the driving force behind the development of each state is narcotic drugs, their analogues or psychotropic substances.

**Keywords:** Drugs, law, method, security.

### **INTRODUCTION**

Article 56 of the Code of Administrative Responsibility of the Republic of Uzbekistan is called Illegal manufacture, acquisition, storage, transportation or shipment of narcotic drugs, their analogues or psychotropic substances in small quantities, and the provision of this article contains the following provision, which states that “Illegal manufacture, acquisition, storage, transportation or shipment of narcotic drugs, their analogues or psychotropic substances in small quantities without the purpose of trafficking - shall entail a fine of one to two times the basic calculation amount with confiscation of narcotic drugs, their analogues or psychotropic substances, or administrative detention for a term of up to fifteen days with confiscation of narcotic drugs, their analogues or psychotropic substances.



---

## **MATERIALS AND METHODS**

In this offense, the object of the action is public health, while the objective aspect of this action is various actions - the preparation, acquisition, storage, transportation, shipment of narcotic drugs and the like, in short, illegal dealing with these drugs. The circulation of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors in the Republic of Uzbekistan is permitted in cases and in accordance with the procedure established by the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan “On Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances” dated August 19, 1999 and the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers No. 85 dated February 14, 2020 “On Approval of Regulations in the Field of Circulation of Narcotic Drugs, Psychotropic Substances, Their Analogues and Precursors” and international documents such as the Convention on Psychotropic Substances (Vienna, February 21, 1971), the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs (Vienna, 1961), the United Nations Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Vienna, December 20, 1988), as well as international agreements of the Republic of Uzbekistan in this area.

## **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

In this context, what do we understand by narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances? Questions arise such as how to distinguish them from each other. These questions are answered by the Law of August 19, 1999 “On Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances”, which defines the above concepts as follows. In particular: narcotic drugs - substances of synthetic or natural origin, preparations and plants containing narcotic substances, included in the list of narcotic drugs and controlled in the Republic of Uzbekistan; psychotropic substances - substances of synthetic or natural origin, included in the list of psychotropic substances and controlled in the Republic of Uzbekistan; precursors - substances included in the list of precursors and controlled in the Republic of Uzbekistan, used for the manufacture of narcotic drugs, their analogues and psychotropic substances; Analogues of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances - substances of synthetic or natural origin, similar in chemical structure and properties to narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, which have an active effect on the psyche in the same way; drug - a mixture of substances in any physical state, containing one or more narcotic



drugs or psychotropic substances; circulation of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors - narcotic drugs - import (export), transit, storage, supply, sale, distribution, receipt, transportation, shipment, development, production, preparation, use and disposal of psychotropic substances and precursors, as well as cultivation of plants containing narcotic substances, are understood as follows:

- 1) drug addiction (drug addiction) - a disease associated with mental and physical dependence on narcotic drugs;
- 2) Toxicomania is a disease associated with psychological and physical dependence on psychotropic substances, as well as substances of non-medicinal origin, synthetic or natural, that actively affect the psyche, similar to narcotic drugs.

In this case, the issue of the introduction of narcotic drugs or psychotropic substances in small or large quantities falls within the competence of the investigative and judicial bodies. The subject of this offense is a person who has reached the age of 16. In this case, Article 13 of this Code states that the age of administrative liability Persons who have reached the age of sixteen at the time of committing an administrative offense shall be held administratively liable, unless otherwise provided for in this Code. It should be noted that it is precisely young people who have reached the age of 16 who are able to fully understand what an administrative offense is, understand that their commission is inadmissible, and therefore be personally liable for their commission. From a subjective point of view, this action can only be committed intentionally. The perpetrator realizes that he is committing illegal acts, foresees their harmful consequences, or consciously allows them to happen.

## CONCLUSION

In conclusion, we need to develop the moral and legal awareness of our nation in order to prevent criminal cases for the illegal manufacture, acquisition, storage, transportation, or shipment of small quantities of narcotic drugs, their analogues, or psychotropic substances, or similar acts.



---

## REFERENCES

1. Kamalov O.A., Kuldashev N.A. Development of public-private partnership in the field of public security // Journal of political science, law and international relations. – 2022. – T. 1. – No. 6. – P. 5-9.
2. Kuldashev N. A. Internal Affairs Bodies as Subjects of Tort Relations // Third Civil Readings in Memory of Professor MG Pronina. – 2021. – P. 111-114.
3. Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Administrative Responsibility. Electronic source: <https://lex.uz/acts/97664>. (accessed: 11.02.2023).
4. Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Administrative Responsibility // Electronic source: <https://lex.uz/docs/97664> (accessed: 18.01.2023). 5. Criminal Code of the Republic of Uzbekistan // Electronic source: <https://lex.uz/docs/111453#179916> (access time: 18.01.2023).